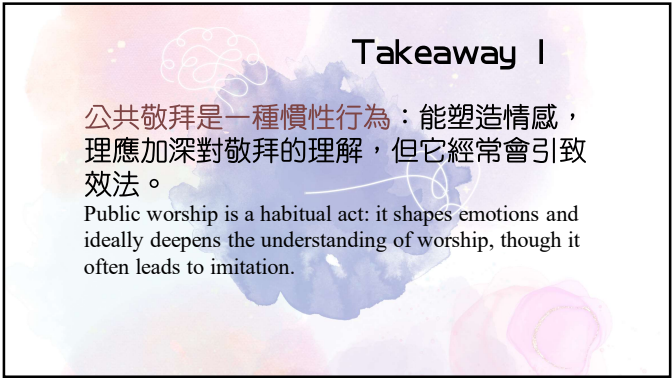




1



2



3



4



5



6

Takeaway 6

塑造靈性情感：敬畏與驚奇是特別與靈性相關的情感。平靜、喜樂和滿足是成熟靈性的典型情感。經歷靈性情感，才能驅動我們去行動和生命成長。

Shaping Spiritual Emotions: Awe and wonder are emotions particularly associated with spiritual experiences. Calmness, joy, and contentment are typical emotions of mature spirituality. Experiencing spiritual emotions is what drives us to action and growth in life.

7

Takeaway 7

理性是神學思考、解釋宗教經驗、支持信仰權威不可缺少的重要角色。

Reason plays an indispensable and significant role in theological thought, the interpretation of religious experience, and in upholding the authority of faith.

8

Takeaway 8

靈性是理智和情感渴望與至高權柄與能力者—神，建立長久而持續的連結，並最終找到生命的目的和意義。

Spirituality is the desire of both reason and emotion to connect with the supreme authority and power—God—in a lasting, enduring way, ultimately finding purpose and meaning in life.

9

Takeaway 9

敬拜是向神挖掘智慧的珍寶，不是拿自己的有限知識來獻寶。

Worship is about uncovering treasures of wisdom from God, not displaying our own treasures—the limits of our knowledge—to Him.

10

Takeaway 10

敬拜作為現實檢視：敬拜是一種屬靈和情感上的再校準，幫助人們面對自己的局限，同時也面對神的主權、恩典與真理這更偉大的現實。

Worship as reality check: worship acts as a spiritual and emotional recalibration, helping individuals confront both their limitations and the greater reality of God's sovereignty, grace, and truth.

11

傳道書 5:1-2 和修版

1 你到神的殿要謹慎你的腳步；近前聽，勝過愚昧人獻祭，他們不知道自己在作惡。

2 在神面前你不可冒失開口，也不可心急發言；因為神在天上，你在地，所以你的話語要少。

理智、情感與靈性

對敬拜投入的影響

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